

## Whither Goest Thou?

Dim child of earth!  
With eye upraised to heaven,  
No record of thy birth  
To thee is given:  
The rockings of thy cradle are but known  
To One alone.

Thou seek'st to fathom far that hidden past;  
To reach the shore time infant being  
bouding:  
In vain thy plummet toward the abyss is cast.  
The line's too short for such a deep-sea  
sounding.

But the eternal future lies before thee:  
Whence thou dost come 'tis plain we cannot  
know;  
But thro' the cloud that spreads its shadows  
o'er thee,  
Say,—whither dost thou go?

What realm unknown, thro' all the bright  
creation,  
Shall be thy dwelling-place?  
Where, rapt in joy and holy aspiration,  
Thou shalt behold His face.

We point our telescope to search the ages:  
We find no star!  
Thou ponderest over revelation's pages,  
What read'st thou there?

Upon that page one written line I see;  
The hand I know:  
"Where I am, there my servant, too, shall be."  
To Him I go.

—S. Greg.

## COMMENTS.

Thursday, October 5th, will be the second anniversary of the opening of the Rugby colony.

The following numbers of the *Rugbeian* are wanted by a subscriber—15, 40, 41. Can any one oblige him?

The Rev. James M. Wilson, of Clifton, England, who was in Rugby a few weeks ago, on his return home wrote to the *London Daily News* a long account of his visit. Next week we will insert some of his remarks.

Mr. Alfred Kimber, of New York City, arrived at the beginning of the week. He represents his brother, Mr. Henry Kimber, and was in Rugby upon important business in connection with the colony and the mortgagees. He left on Friday for Cincinnati.

The Rev. F. E. Tuke, vicar of Borden, Kent, England, arrived here a few days ago, on a visit to his son, Mr. C. Tuke, and for the purpose of seeing Rugby. We have pleasure in announcing that the reverend gentleman will conduct the service at Christ Church tomorrow (Sunday) morning, and celebrate the Holy Communion.

Mr. Blacklock's fields being "white unto the harvest," a corn fodder party, or "bee," was formed last Wednesday, a number of *Rugbeians* assisting in carrying the weighty baggage of the goddess Ceres home to her barn. Mrs. Blacklock kindly and well provided "fodder" for the workers, which we should also judge, knowing the harvesters, to have been a *serious* affair. This is a pun.

Revival services have been in full force lately at Sedgemoor, frequent and long meetings being held. We understand the conductors have been much encouraged. At Huntsville, in the adjoining county, four young men from Lexington, Ky., have also been holding revival meetings, in connection with the Presbyterians. They propose spending a year in similar mission work. In Fentress county some revival mission work, is also progressing, but our correspondent has not yet sent us particulars.

The Rugby Public Purposes Association is very quiet, but if this arises from there being nothing requiring attention, it is, perhaps, well for the colony. At the approaching annual meeting, which we see by the constitution "shall be held on the first Wednesday in October," we suppose a report will be rendered of the work done by the various committees, the amount subscribed to the Association, and the money expended, with any other business that has come within its range.

We should not let this Association become a dead letter, but such it will become unless the members occasionally meet to discuss affairs concerning the welfare of the colony, and generally create an interest in the objects of the Association. There has been no meeting for some months.

"There is a happy land, far, far away," in Maryland, rejoicing in the name of "Klej Grange," where a particularly fatherly and motherly control is exercised over its colonizers, reminding us, when we think of our lot in Rugby, of the advice that it is "better to bear the ills we have" than fly to those we read of in the pamphlet we have before us. In the advice to settlers at Klej Grange, we read: "Your occupation will be such as you agree to select and specify before purchasing and you will not be permitted to conduct any other business on the property without written permission from the landowner. Market Gardening, Fruit Culture, Poultry, and Stock are to be in the above order the chief pursuits upon which the Colony shall depend for success, and if you do not succeed in the branch of Farming you select, the owner of the land reserves the right to direct what other branch of farming you shall follow....All buildings of any kind must have the approval of the Superintendent before their erection, all buildings to remain undisturbed if the party move." Further on we see "It is proposed to organize a Union church and Sunday school, and each family will be required to pay at least \$5 per year for this object." There are other regulations, all showing, with those we have named, that we are not so badly off in Rugby as we might be, and as others are, elsewhere.

PERSONAL.—Dr. C. P. Kemp returned home to Rugby, from Winchester, Mass., on the 22nd inst., and is staying at the Brown House.—Mr. Earle, brother of Mr. A. B. Earle, so well known in Rugby last year, has arrived from England.—Mr. B. Campbell, of London, England, with his nephew, Mr. W. J. Campbell, of Middleport, Ohio, is at the Brown House.—Mr. and Mrs. Bowden and Mr. Gaudin, of Jamestown, passed through Rugby on Saturday, for Cincinnati and its Exposition.—Mr. Fardon has been to Cincinnati this week.—Mr. J. W. Giles has left East Rugby for Hoffman's Switch, to be principal in the public school of the new district embracing that part of the county.—The Rev. F. E. Tuke, of Borden Rectory Kent, England, arrived here on Wednesday.—Mr. Johnson, of Kalamazoo, Mich., returned home on Thursday, much pleased with our district.—Mr. Ross Brown returned home to Rugby on Thursday.—Mr. Kemp has been to Cincinnati this week.—Mr. J. Spurrier left Rugby last week, for Cincinnati.

Visitors at the "Tabard" this week: Mrs. A. B. Gattrell and Miss Katie Gattrell, Marshall, Michigan; Mr. W. B. Stewart, Cincinnati; Mr. Saml. A. Johnston, Cincinnati; Mr. Carroll Stephens, Fentress county; Mr. C. O. Plummer, Cincinnati; Mr. Alfred Kimber, New York; Miss Andresen, New York; Miss Ada Kimber and Miss Kate Kimber, England; Mr. Hopewell Brauns, Knoxville, Tenn.; Mr. F. W. Gerding, Louisville Ky.; and Mr. J. R. W. Peterson, Chattanooga.

## FENTRESS COUNTY.

## THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

In pursuance to an order made on the 4th of September 1882, that a convention, composed of Delegates from Scott, Fentress and Pickett counties, should meet in the Court-house at Jamestown, Tenn., on September 21st, 1882, to nominate a candidate to represent said counties, the convention met with Hon. James George permanent Chairman, and W. J. Gaudin Secretary.

The following delegates were present from Fentress county:

1st District.....G. W. Smith.  
2nd ".....J. F. Wright.  
3rd ".....W. J. Gaudin.  
8th ".....John C. Hurst.  
10th & 12th Dist's.....A. J. Anderson.  
13th District.....J. L. Reagan.

Delegates from Pickett were:

1st District.....William Alfred.  
4th ".....B. J. Rencaw.  
6th ".....P. A. Staly.  
7th ".....W. F. Williams.  
8th ".....Peter Moody.

The delegates from Scott failing to appear at the convention, a motion was made and adopted, that the following named gentlemen from Scott should represent said county: R. Hartt, Beaty Seissel, W. H. Potter and J. H. Potter.

A committee of five was appointed to consider the proper number of delegates from each of Scott, Fentress and Pickett counties. The committee reporting allowed Scott 16, Fentress 10, and Pickett 8.

Signed: R. HARTT  
WILLIAM ALFRED  
J. F. WRIGHT  
B. J. RENCOW  
PETER MOODY } Committee.

A committee of three was appointed, to draft resolutions. The following resolutions were drafted and unanimously accepted by the convention:

1st. Resolved, that we reaffirm the principles of the Republican party, as enunciated in the last Republican platform of Chicago, and in the platform of our own State Convention at Nashville.

2nd. That we heartily indorse the administration of President Garfield, and deploring the loss of our martyred President, we denounce all those who, since his death, would assassinate his reputation.

3rd. Resolved, that the administration of President Arthur, being shrouded with circumstances, sad and gloomy, has been marked by wisdom and distinction; and his efforts to promote the material interest and welfare of the Republican party, commands our hearty approval.

4th. Resolved, that we recognize in Governor Alvin Hawkins, a man of pure character, able and upright; and that fully endorsing his administration, we pledge ourselves to use all honorable means to secure his re-election.

5th. Resolved, that we are satisfied with the settlement of the State debt as effected by the last Legislature, and that we are opposed to any interference with said settlement.

6th. Resolved, that we will support the nominee of this convention.

Signed: R. HARTT  
B. J. RENCOW  
JOHN C. HURST } Committee.

The name of John M. Cordell, of Huntsville, Tenn., was put before the convention, and nominated on first ballot.

A motion was made and adopted, that the said John M. Cordell be notified of his nomination, and this convention prays that he will give his nomination a warm and hearty reception.

A motion was made and seconded, that this convention be adjourned.

Other papers are requested to copy.

JAMES GEORGE, Chairman.  
M. J. GAUDIN, Sec.

TUTT'S PILLS A SUGAR PLUM.—Tutt's Pills are now covered with a vanilla sugar coating, making them as pleasant to swallow as a little sugar plum, and rendering them agreeable to the most delicate stomach.

They cure sick headache and bilious colic. They give appetite and flesh to the body. They cure dyspepsia and nourish the system. They cure fever and ague, costiveness, etc. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a box.

## WARTBURG.

Special to the *Rugbeian*.

Although Wartburg is the county seat, things will necessarily be slow at times, with but little to report to the big world outside. But how large the little surroundings of life seem to those immediately concerned! There is a dignity about our town, however, which you do not possess in Rugby, because here Justice sits enthroned, and crime comes, or is brought, to receive its "just recompense of reward." The latest case was John Goff's, last Saturday. He was charged with assault and battery at one of the slave factories, and failing to find bail, was lodged in the county hotel.

The proprietors of the "Central Hotel" have discarded their very modest sign, and now present to public view a ten-foot board with gilded letters, which does not signify, however, that the boarding prices have been gilded above the usual rates. May the new sign increase the custom of the Central Hotel!

The editor of the *Platitan* and his bride have returned home from a trip to Chattanooga, and soon we may hope to once again see his newspaper. He must be kept up to the promises so often made, of appearing "every Saturday."

I will conclude with a dance that occurred at the Court-house the other night, which owing to some of our hot blood getting too hot, necessitated the intervention of the Deputy Sheriff, who turned the too exuberant dancers out of doors. Reflection and scidnitz powders next morning cooled down the night's turmoil.

The *Rugbeian* next Saturday will be a Rugby anniversary number. It will contain two first-class engravings, one of the Hughes' Public Library, engraved by the Moss Engraving Company of New York, and one of the "Meeting of the Waters," published some time ago in *Harpers' Magazine*, and kindly lent to us by the Board of Aid, through Mr. Walton. The *Rugbeian* will also be printed on special and fine paper, and contain much of interest that will suitably make it an anniversary edition.

The moderate fertility of most of the soil of East Tennessee may be mentioned as one of the features in which it resembles New England. In point of fertility the eastern is behind the middle and western divisions of the state. A more enlightened system of farming would secure far better results, for the soil responds kindly to generous treatment. As in other parts of the South, the landscape is too often disfigured by "old fields," yielding only "sedge grass," green briars, sassafras saplings, and old field pines, and seamed with gullies that grow deeper year by year. But a new heaven is at work. Here and there a farmer, more progressive than his brethren, is teaching by example the good effects of judicious manuring and rotation of crops. The quality of some of the staples produced in this section is excellent. East Tennessee wheat is unsurpassed by any, and the same may be said of all the root crops. Though not equal as a grazing country to such sections as the blue grass regions of Kentucky, many parts are well adapted to the raising of sheep and larger stock, notably the Cumberland plateau.—*New York Independent*.

The term Lynch Law, as commonly in use in the United States, is a personification of violent and illegal justice. According to some authorities, the term was derived from a Virginia farmer named Lynch. But it can be traced to a much earlier date, in Ireland. When, in 1493, James Fitzstephens Lynch was Mayor and Warden of Galway, he traded largely with Spain, and sent his son thither for a cargo of wine. The young man squandered the money intrusted to him, but succeeded in running into debt for a cargo to a Spaniard, by whose nephew he was accompanied in the return voyage to Ireland, where the money was to be paid. Young Lynch, to conceal his defalcation, caused the Spaniard to be thrown overboard, and was received at home with great honor. But a sailor revealed to the Mayor of Galway the crime which his son had committed. The young man was tried before his own father, convicted and sentenced to be hanged. His family and others determined to prevent the execution. The father, finding that the sentence could not be carried into effect the usual way, conducted his son to a window overlooking the public street, with his own hands fastened the halter attached to his neck to a staple in the wall and acted as his executioner. In the council books of Galway there is said to be a minute that James Lynch, Mayor of Galway, hanged his son, out of the window, for defrauding and killing strangers, without martial or common law, to show a good example to posterity.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat*.

## FARMING IN THE NORTH-WEST.

## THE OTHER SIDE OF THE PICTURE.

Only spring wheat can ever be raised up here, and spring wheat is all that the people think, talk, and dream of. The famous Dalrymple farm is surely a success. It is said to have 27,000 acres under the plough and in wheat. The farm is supposed to be really owned by the railroad company that has the 3,000,000 acres of land for sale. Col. Dalrymple is a splendid organizer and executive officer, and when he has the treasury of a railway company for a base, he well may be. The farm is the largest advertising scheme in this country, and as such is a most decided success. But, as a remunerative paying farm, it is a failure. It did not come near paying expenses last year. Small farmers in the middle and eastern States may be sure to make a complete failure here in attempting to farm with one solitary crop, that of spring wheat. They have no railroad treasury to fall back upon, nothing but their own exertions and scanty means. If the corporation farm fails to pay expenses, how can they expect to make money under the many disadvantages that they have to contend with?

I made particular enquiry as to the effect of this repeated wheat cropping upon the fertility of the soil, and learned that *five or six crops will ruin and exhaust the land*; and there is nothing *whenever it to regenerate it*. A rotation of crops, which the eastern and southern farmer brings to renew the strength of his soil, is here an *utter impossibility*. Corn *can not be raised*; the season is far too short even for the dwarf varieties of New England. Oats and barley are raised to some extent, but they will only further impoverish the soil that refuses to produce wheat. The other remedy, manuring, is out of the question, because no stock-raising is attempted here, where for fully six months a deep snow imprisons man and beast alike in their houses, and where not even provender can be raised in sufficient quantities to keep the stock through winter. Hay of the poorest and commonest quality is sold from \$25 to \$30 a ton in the rich Red River valley. One may ride miles and miles and not see a solitary cow; indeed, the number of people who keep milch cows is very small, and the eastern *milk-condensing factories* have here a good profitable market.—*Dakota Letter to Kansas City Journal*.

## INDUSTRIAL CONVENTION.

A circular has been issued by Commissioner Hawkins from the office of the Tennessee Bureau of Agriculture, Statistics, Mines and Immigration, dated Nashville, September 20th, 1882, in which he says:

"Arrangements have been made for holding a Convention of Land Owners in Tennessee, and persons who are desirous of making investments in Mining, Manufacturing and Agricultural Property in our State.

This Convention will meet at Monticello Springs, in Marion County, on the 17th day of October, and will probably continue for three or four days. I have assurances of a large attendance of gentlemen from the Northern States who will come for the purpose of conferring face to face with the citizens of our State, with the view of making investments and seeking homes in our midst. Every citizen of the State, who has inducements to offer, or who wishes to encourage immigration to, and development of the resources of Tennessee, is invited to attend and will be received as a delegate.

It is hoped there may be a full attendance of representative men from all parts of the State. Come and meet with our visitors from abroad and tell them of the grand advantages of our State. Take them with you to our magnificent forests, to our rich mines, to our fertile fields, to our manufacturing sites and bid them to see for themselves.

As Vigilance is the price of liberty, so effort is the price of success. Do not neglect this opportunity.

"THE RUGBEIAN" is an independent, out-spoken journal, open to the expression, by all, of matters concerning Rugby, and the surrounding country.

The notion that steamships may be suddenly stopped by a brake, as railroad trains are, seems queer at first, but a Boston Yankee has found a contrivance for this purpose, and has applied and tested it with apparently perfect success. His invention consists of a pair of shutters, hinged on either side of the vessels stern post, so that they will remain closed against the vessel until an apparatus, whose control is in the pilot-house, opens them and fixes them at right angles to the ship's course.—*Cincinnati Commercial*.

## THE MARKETS.

Cincinnati, September 27th.

Flour—Fancy \$5.00 @ 5.75. New family \$4.50. Spring family \$6.00 @ 6.50.

Wheat—No. 2 at 95c. @ 96c. No. 1 new Red sold at 97c.

Corn—No. 2 White shelled sold at 61c; No. 2 Mixed at 61c. @ 62c.; No. 3 at 60 1/2c.

Oats—No. 2 White 40c. @ 41c. No. 2 mixed at 34c.

Rye—No. 2 sold at 64c.

Sweet Potatoes—Are slow, at \$2.25 @ 2.75 for good to prime.

Onions—\$1.25 at 1.75 per bbl.

Potatoes—Are slow and easy, at \$1.75 per bbl. for Early Rose.

Hay—No. 1 Timothy sells at \$13.00 @ \$13.50; No. 2 \$12.00 @ 12.50. Mixed Hay at \$10.00 @ 11.00.

Mill Feed—Bran sells at \$13.00, Shipstuffs at \$16.00, and Middlings at \$20.00 @ 25.00 per ton in bulk.

Hoods, scarfs, ribbons and any fancy articles can be made any color wanted with the Diamond Dyes. All the popular colors.

**KIDNEY-WORT**  
IS A SURE CURE  
for all diseases of the Kidneys and  
—LIVER—  
It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.  
**Malaria.** If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure. In the Spring to cleanse the system, every one should take a thorough course of it.  
U. S. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price \$1.  
**KIDNEY-WORT**

A Letter from Fred. C. Fisher, Esq.

RUGBY, MORGAN CO., TENN., June 21, '81.

Messrs. HOLMAN PAD CO.;  
Gentlemen:—Will you kindly oblige me by sending to the above address three of Dr. HOLMAN'S Liver Pads, as two friends of mine would be glad to try them. I also wish for one, making up the third. I have before had two; one I got in New Zealand in '79, the other I got in England in '80, and now one more if you please for '81. Each time they have worked a marvel upon me. They are also a great help at sea, as they act as a *proventive to sea-sickness*. I suffered much from Liver in Australia and New Zealand. On the day before leaving Auckland, N.Z., for San Francisco, I put on your estimable Pad. We encountered very heavy gales, &c., and through all I was in the *essence of health*, and with your Pad I can travel anywhere by sea without the least fear of sea-sickness.  
Dr. HOLMAN'S Pad is one of the most valuable articles that America ever produced.  
Yours truly,  
FRED. C. FISHER.

## HOLMAN'S PADS

Operate Through the Nerve Forces and the Circulation.

This is the only known remedy that positively expels every germ of Malarial Taint from the system without endangering the health by the internal administration of other Poisons, which must remain in the system for years, and perhaps finally destroy life.

To keep the Stomach and Liver in perfect order is the great secret of preserving unbroken health. We hazard nothing in saying that for the correction of all ills, irregularities and impairments of the action of both the Stomach and Liver, there is nothing equal to Dr. HOLMAN'S PAD. Acting by absorption, it does not interfere with the functions of either of these great organs.

THE PREVENTIVE AND ANTIDOTAL POWER OF DR. HOLMAN'S AGUE AND LIVER PAD.—As a preventive of any disease that attacks the vitals, the pad is worth many times its weight in gold. It is impossible to compute the value of a discovery which *without dosing* may be absolutely relied upon to PREVENT the most dangerous maladies. Nothing is truer than the old saying, that "Prevention is better than cure."

## DR. LEWIS AND HIS HUNDRED WITNESSES.

The remarkable experience of a leading physician.

FULTON, ARK., June 5, 1877.

After carefully watching for a period of four months, the effect of "Holman's Ague and Liver Pad" in at least ONE HUNDRED cases under my immediate observation I have no hesitancy in recommending it as a sure and speedy cure in all cases of ague, biliousness and indigestion. In all cases of enlarged inflamed spleen, it is *par excellence*. For all diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Liver, I cheerfully recommend its use.

Yours truly,  
JAMES G. LEWIS, M.D.

Dr. Lewis is right. The Pad is, *par excellence* the great remedy—without medicine—for all malarial and chronic diseases. The eminent Prof. Loomis says of it at the end of an enthusiastic commendation: "It is *nearer a universal panacea than anything in medicine*."

## FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Or sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price.

Regular Stomach and Liver Pad \$2.00  
Kidney Pad " " " " \$2.00  
Lung Pad " " " " \$3.00

Beware of all bogus Pads only made to sell on the reputation of the genuine.

See that each Pad bears the Private Revenue Stamp of the HOLMAN PAD Company, with above Trade Mark printed in green.

Dr. HOLMAN'S advice is free. Full treatise sent free on application. Address

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